

# GAMIFIED TOOL FOR TEACHING GDPR FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATION

NG JING YUAN, C00278713

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (HONOURS) IN CYBERCRIME AND IT SECURITY

SOUTH EAST TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

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# 1. Context Diagram

Figure 1.0 shows the context diagram for this gamified tool for teaching GDPR.

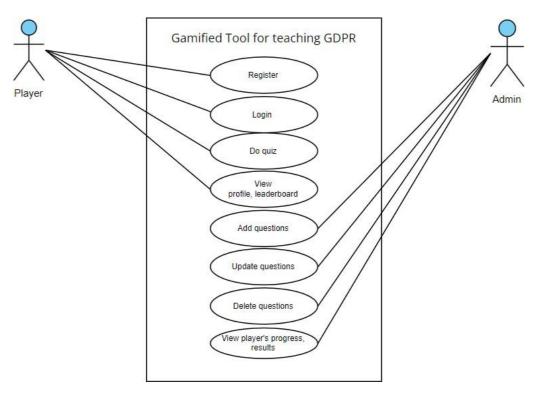


Figure 1.0: The context diagram for this gamified tool for teaching GDPR

# 2. Use Cases

Name: Register			
Actors	Players		
Description	New players register themselves by creating a new account in gamified tool for teaching GDPR		
Preconditions	Players have a valid email		
Main	1. Player navigates to the Sign Up page		
success	2. Player enters a valid email, password, and confirmation password		
scenario	3. Player clicks on the "Sign Up" button		
	<b>4.</b> If the email is available and valid, the password is in the		
	correctlength, the player account is created		
Post Conditions	<ol> <li>The email and password of the player will be stored into</li> </ol>		
	thedatabase.		
	2. A new player account is created.		
Alternative	Email already exists		
	<ol> <li>Web site outputs "Email already exists"</li> </ol>		
	2. Player will be prompted to re-enter the email and password		
	Email is in wrong format		
	<ol> <li>Web site output "Invalid email"</li> </ol>		
	2. Player will be prompted to re-enter the email and password		
	Password is in wrong format		
	<ol> <li>Web site output "Invalid password. Password should be at least eight characters in length and should include at least one upper case letter, one number, and one special character."</li> </ol>		
	2. Player will be prompted to re-enter the email and password		

Name: Login	Name: Login		
Actors	Players		
Description	Existing player logins into gamified tool for teaching GDPR		
Preconditions	Player has already created an account for the web sites.		
Main	1. Player navigates to the login page		
success	2. Player enters the email, password		
scenario	3. Player clicks on the "Login" button		
	4. If the email and password is valid and correct, the player is		
	then logged in into his/ her account		
<b>Post Conditions</b>	<ol> <li>Player is logged in into his/ her account</li> </ol>		
	2. Player is greeted by the main menu and his/ her email is displayed		
Alternative	Invalid email or password is entered		
	1. Web site outputs "Invalid email or password."		
	2. Player will be prompted to re-enter the email and password		

Name: Do quiz	Name: Do quiz		
Actors	Players		
Description	Player takes the quiz		
Preconditions	Player has already logged in to the gamified tool for teaching GDPR		
<ul><li>Main success</li><li>scenario</li><li>1. Player navigates to the quiz page from the navigation bar</li></ul>			
Post Conditions	1. The quiz page is shown.		
Alternative Player navigates to the quiz without logging in  1. Web site outputs "Please log in to continue" 2. Player will be redirect to the log in page			

Name: View Profi	le		
Actors	Players		
Description	Player views their own profile		
Preconditions	Player has already logged in to the gamified tool for teaching GDPR		
Main success 1. Player clicked on their own email shown on the page			
scenario	2. Player is being navigated to the player profile page		
<b>Post Conditions</b> 1. The page with the details of player such as points and bad			
	shown		
Alternative	Player tries to navigate to the player profile page without logging in		
	<ol> <li>Web site outputs "Please log in to continue"</li> </ol>		
	2. Player will be redirect to the log in page		

Name: View leade	er board		
Actors	Players		
Description	Player views leader board		
Preconditions	Player has already logged in to the gamified tool for teaching GDPR		
Main success1. Player is being navigated to the leader board page from tscenarionavigation bar			
Post Conditions	1. The page with the leader board is shown		
Alternative	<ol> <li>Player tries to navigate to the leader board page without logging in</li> <li>Web site outputs "Please log in to continue"</li> <li>Player will be redirect to the log in page</li> </ol>		

Name: Add questi	tions		
Actors	Admin		
Description	Admin add question		
Preconditions	Admin account is logged in		
Main success scenario	<ol> <li>Admin clicks on "Questions" in the navigation bar</li> <li>Admin clicks on "Add question" in the Questions page</li> <li>Details of questions are typed in or selected</li> <li>Admin clicks on the "Add" button</li> </ol>		
Post Conditions	Question is added		
Alternative	A non-admin credentials are used to log in  1. Player will be redirect to player page		
	Invalid email or password is entered		
	<ol> <li>Web site outputs "Invalid email or password."</li> <li>Admin will be prompted to re-enter the email and password</li> </ol>		

Name: Update qu	ıestions		
Actors	Admin		
Description	Admin update question		
Preconditions	Admin account is logged in		
Main success scenario	<ol> <li>Admin clicks on "Questions" in the navigation bar</li> <li>Admin clicks on the edit icon in the Questions page</li> <li>Details of questions that wanted to be changed are typed in orselected</li> <li>Admin clicks on the "Edit" button</li> </ol>		
Post Conditions	1. Details of question is/ are changed.		
Alternative	A non-admin credentials are used to log in  1. Player will be redirect to player page  Invalid email or password is entered  1. Web site outputs "Invalid email or password."  2. Admin will be prompted to re-enter the email and password		

Name: Delete questions			
Actors	Admin		
Description	Admin delete question		
Preconditions	Admin account is logged in		
Main success scenario	<ol> <li>Admin clicks on "Questions" in the navigation bar</li> <li>Admin clicks on the delete icon in the Questions page</li> <li>Admin confirm to delete the question</li> </ol>		
Post Conditions	1. Question is deleted.		
Alternative	A non-admin credentials are used to log in  1. Player will be redirect to player page  Invalid email or password is entered  1. Web site outputs "Invalid email or password."  3. Admin will be prompted to re-enter the email and password		

Name: View playe	ne: View player's progress		
Actors	Admin		
Description	Admin view player's progress from the player's detail page		
Preconditions	Admin account is logged in		
Main success	1. Admin clicks on Players in the navigation bar		
scenario	<ol> <li>Admin specifically clicks on a player to view his or her details in the game such as points, leaderboard position, streak, last login time, late login time, badge, ranking for every question category, levels.</li> </ol>		
Post Conditions	<ol> <li>The player's detail page with his or her details in the game such as points, leaderboard position, streak, last login time, latest login time, badge, ranking for every question category, levels are shown</li> </ol>		
Alternative	A non-admin credentials are used to log in  1. Player will be redirect to player page  Invalid email or password is entered  1. Web site outputs "Invalid email or password."		
	2. Admin will be prompted to re-enter the email and password		

## 3. User Description

#### **Players**

Players are one of the users that interact with the gamified tool for teaching GDPR. They can register, login, do quiz, view profile and dashboard in the gamified tool for teaching GDPR.

#### Example User: Student

For example, John is a college student studying Cybersecurity. One of the subjects he took is Cyber Legislation. In the subject of Cyber Legislation, GDPR is one of the topics taught. John hopes to refresh his memory about the fundamental knowledge of GDPR before the exam. However, he finds it hard to understand GDPR by just revising the lecture notes. He does the quiz from the gamified tool that teaches GDPR and finds it easier to understand and memorize the knowledge of GDPR. Therefore, John is one of the players that interact with the gamified tool for teaching GDPR.

#### Example User: Web Developer

Jane is a web developer who works in an online boutique store. Jane wants to develop a website for the boutique store. She was planning to provide a more personal, convenient shopping experience to the customers that visit the online boutique store. She knows she can do that by making the website remember the contents of the customer's shopping cart and suggest the items according to the customer's preference. This can all be done by including HTTP cookies on the website she built. However, cookies are recognized as personal information in the European Union (EU). (Bateman, 2022) If Jane collects any information using HTTP cookies without consent from the customers, she is violating the GDPR. Jane then realized that she needs to have some fundamental knowledge of GDPR before building the website. She does the quiz from the gamified tool that teaches GDPR and finds it easier to understand the knowledge of GDPR. Therefore, Jane is one of the players that interact with the gamified tool for teaching GDPR.

#### **Admins**

Admins are other users that interact with the gamified tool for teaching GDPR. They can add, update and delete questions in the gamified tool for teaching GDPR. Other than that, the admins can also view the players' progress and result by visiting the player profile from the admin side.

Since the admin can change the questions and answers in the gamified tool, they need to have access granted by the developer.

#### Example: Lecturer

For example, Michelle is a lecturer who teaches Cyber Legislation in a college. She wants to make her lecture that involves GDPR to be more interesting and attract the attention of students. She found this gamified tool for teaching GDPR and request to be the admin of this gamified tool teaching GDPR from the developer. She got access and therefore is an admin for this gamified tool for teaching GDPR.

## 4. GUI Design

#### Player Interface

Figure 2.0 below shows the flow chart in the gamified tool for teaching GDPR from the player side.

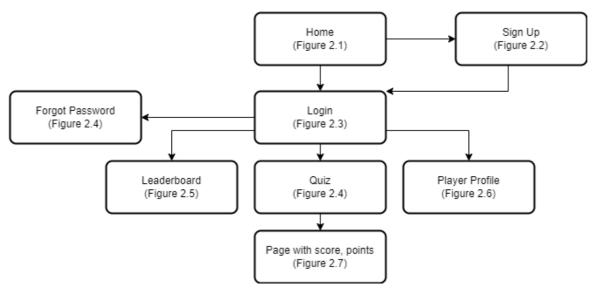


Figure 2.0: The flow chart in the gamified tool for teaching GDPR from the player side

As shown in the flow chart above, the player will first land on the home page for the gamified tool for teaching GDPR. Figure 2.1 shows the mock-up of the home page for the gamified tool for teaching GDPR.

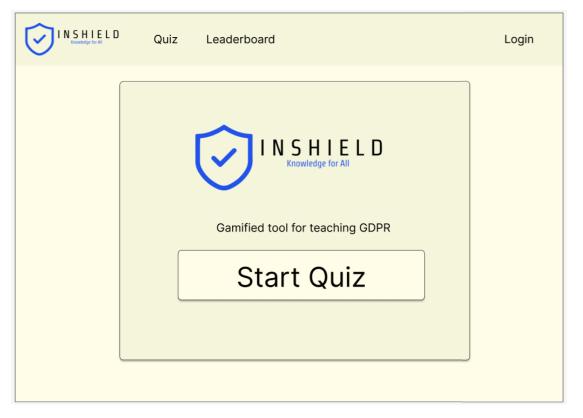


Figure 2.1: The mock-up of the home page for the gamified tool for teaching GDPR

On the home page, the player can navigate to the sign-up page to register themselves. The player will be redirected to the login page after registering. The player can also choose to log in from the home page if they already have a user account registered in the gamified tool for teaching GDPR. Figure 2.2 shows the mock-up of the sign-up page.

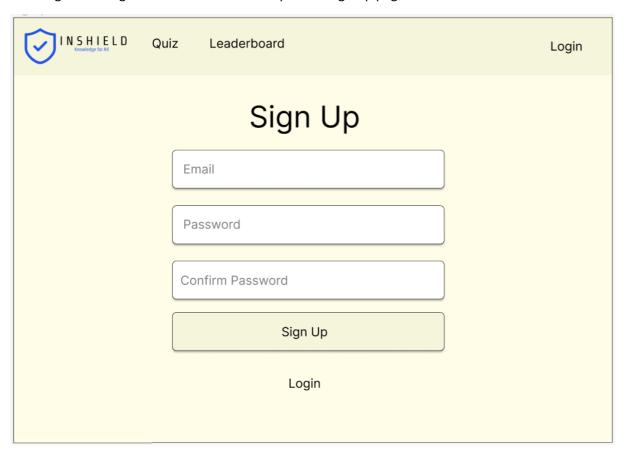


Figure 2.2: The mock-up of the sign-up page

If the player forgot the password for his or her account, he or she can choose the forgot password option on the login page too. Figure 2.3 shows the mock-up of login page and Figure 2.4 shows the mock-up of forgot password page.

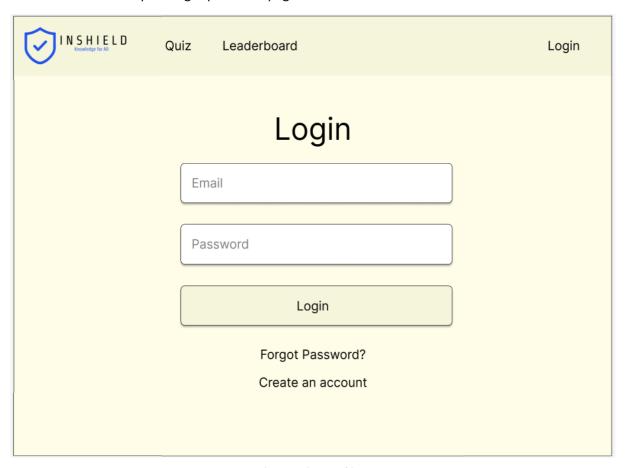


Figure 2.3: The mock-up of login page

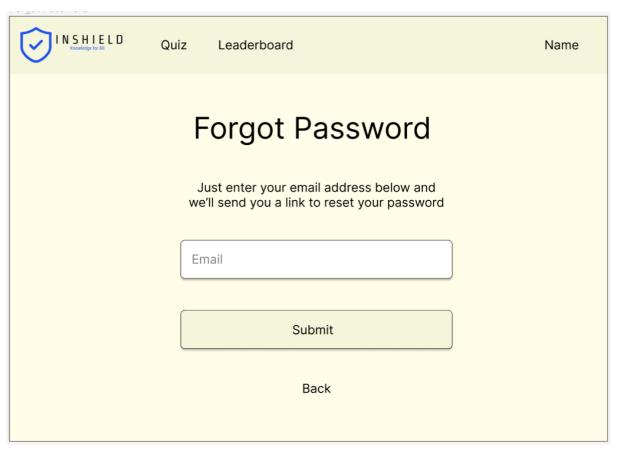


Figure 2.4: The mock-up of forgot password page

After logging in using a valid email and password from a player, the player can choose to be redirected to the page to do the quiz, view the player profile, or view the leaderboard. Figure 2.4 shows the mock-up of quiz page. Meanwhile, Figure 2.5 shows the mock-up of leaderboard and figure 2.6 shows the mock-up of player profile.

<b>⊘</b> ''	N S H I E L D Quiz	Leaderboard	peter@gmail.com
Quiz Q1: Test Ques?			
0	Test Answer 1		
0	Test Answer 1		
0	Test Answer 1		
0	Test Answer 1		
			Next

Figure 2.4: The mock-up of quiz page

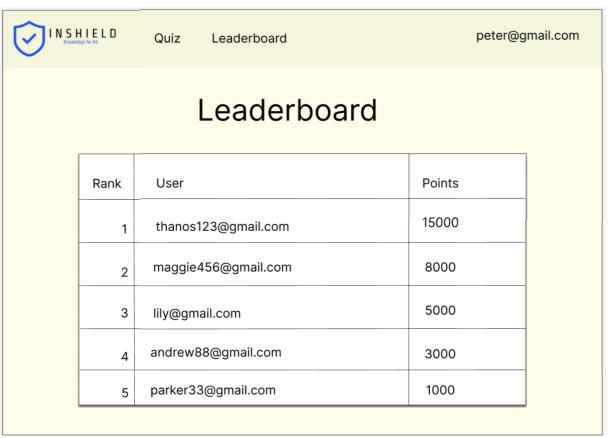


Figure 2.5: The mock-up of leaderboard

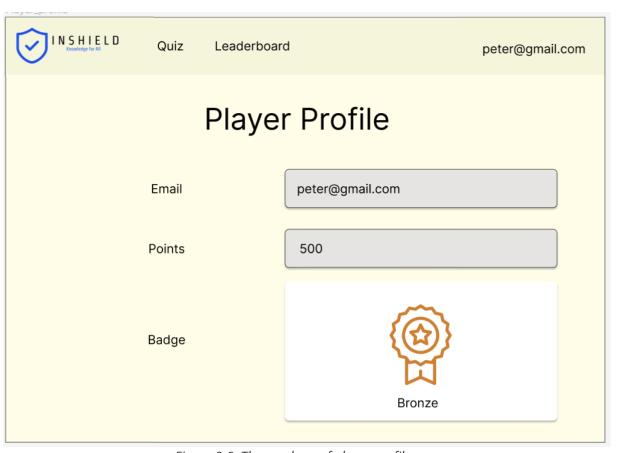


Figure 2.6: The mock-up of player profile

After completing the quiz, the player will be redirected to the page with the score obtained in the quiz and the overall points gathered over time. Figure 2.7 shows the mock-up of page with score and points.

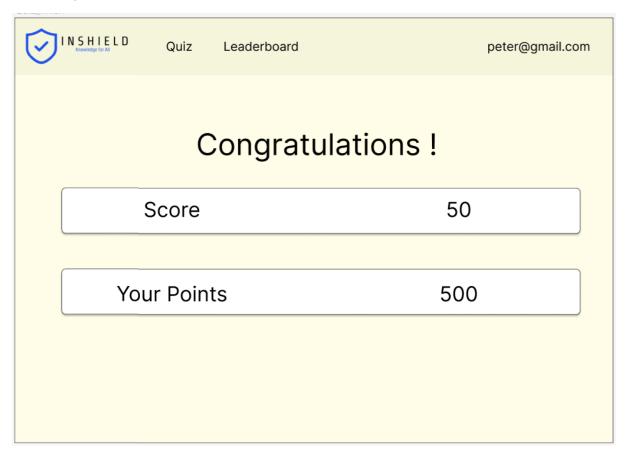


Figure 2.7: The mock-up of page with score and points

#### Administration Interface

Figure 3.0 below shows the flow chart in the gamified tool for teaching GDPR from the admin side.

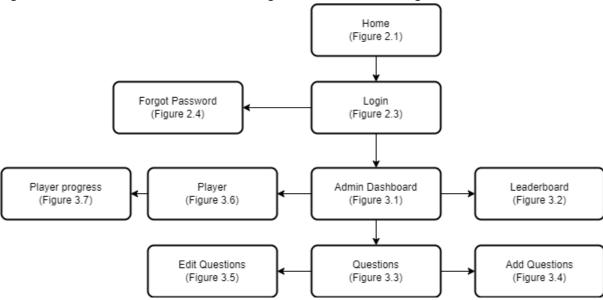


Figure 3.0: The flow chart in the gamified tool for teaching GDPR from the admin side

As shown in the flow chart above, the admin will first land on the home page for the gamified tool for teaching GDPR. The admin can navigate to the login page on the home page the same as what a player can do on the home page for the gamified tool for teaching GDPR.

After logging in using an admin email and password, the admin will be redirected to the admin dashboard. Figure 3.1 shows the mock-up of the admin dashboard.

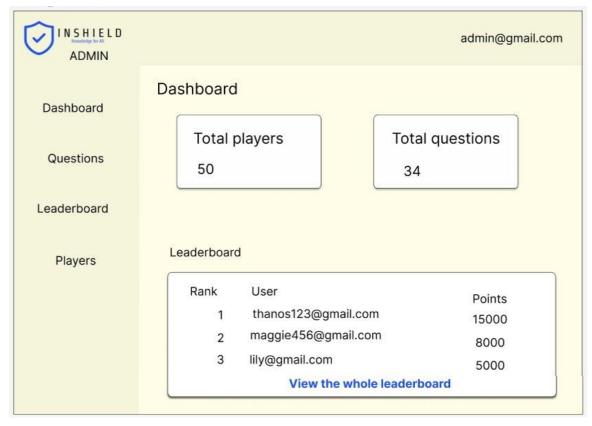


Figure 3.1: The mock-up of the admin dashboard

From the Admin Dashboard, the admin can navigate to the question page or the leaderboard page. Figure 3.2 shows the mock-up of leaderboard page.

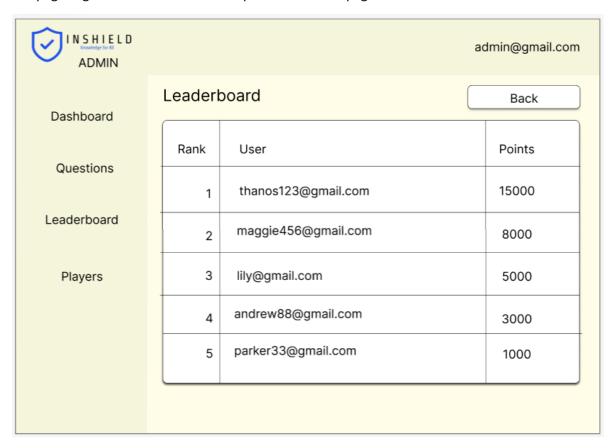


Figure 3.2: The mock-up of leaderboard page

From the question page, the admin can delete the question, navigate to the add question page, or edit question page. The admin can delete the question on the question page by clicking on the delete icon beside the question that needs to be deleted. Figure 3.3 below shows the mock-up of the question page.

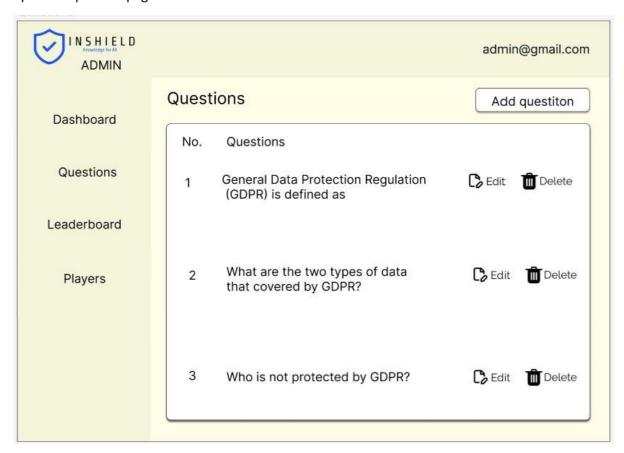


Figure 3.3: The mock-up of the question page

Figure 3.4 shows the mock-up of add question page.

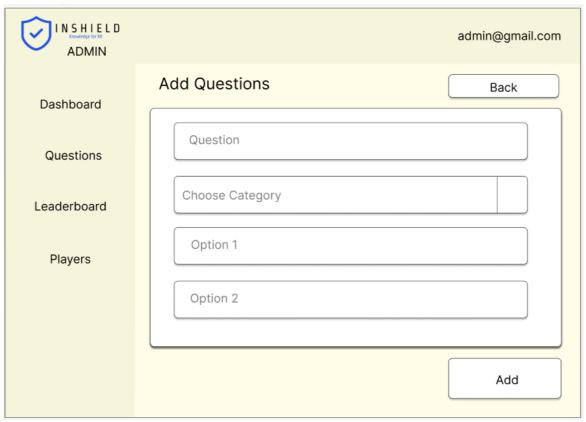


Figure 3.4: The mock-up of add question page

Figure 3.5 below shows the mock-up of the edit question page.

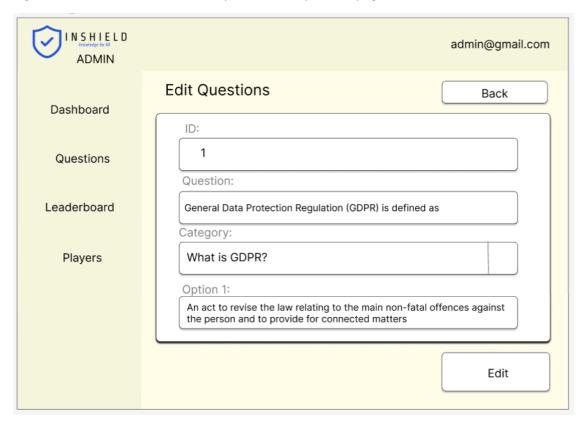


Figure 3.5: The mock-up of the edit question page

Other than add, update and delete questions, the admin is also able to view the progress and results of each player. The admin can do that by clicking the player's name in the player page from the admin side. Figure 3.6 below shows the mock-up of the player page from admin side.

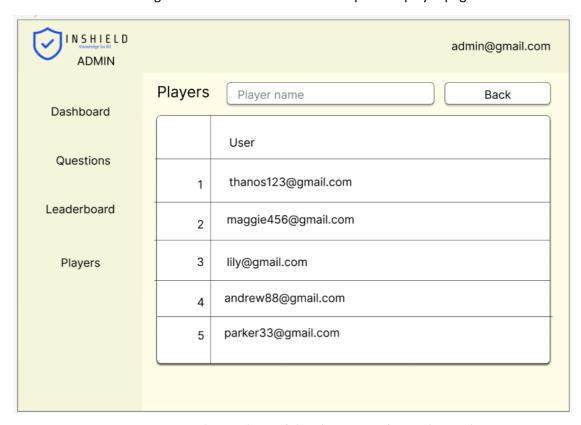


Figure 3.6: The mock-up of the player page from admin side

Figure 3.7 below shows the mock-up that shows the progress and results of the players after clicking on the player's name in the player page from admin side.

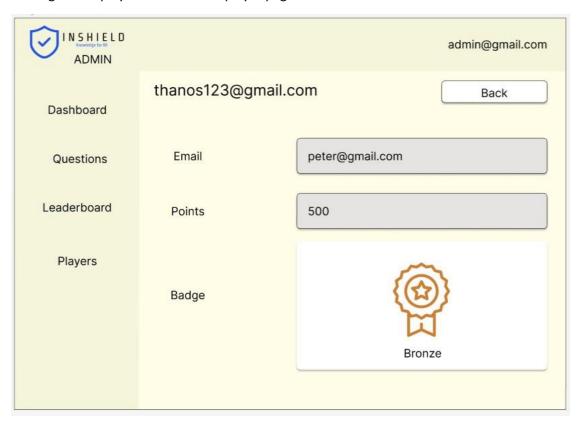


Figure 3.7: The mock-up that shows the progress and results of the players

## 5. Technologies

Figure 4.0 shows the technology stack that is going to be used to develop this project.

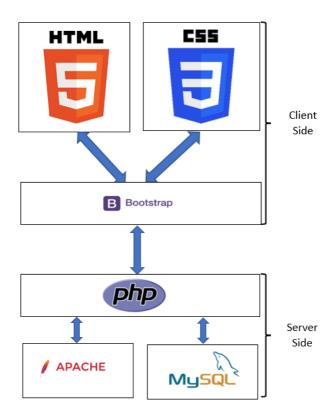


Figure 4.0: The technology stack that is going to be used to develop this project

#### Language: HTML, CSS, Bootstrap, PHP

The programming language used to build this gamified tool for teaching GDPR are HTML, CSS, Bootstrap and PHP. HTML, CSS and Bootstrap will be the programming language that I used to build the interface of the gamified tool for teaching GDPR and they are run on the client side. HTML will be the programming language that I used to make the structure of the website and its content. CSS and Bootstrap are going to be the programming language that I used to make the style of the website. Meanwhile, PHP will be the programming language that I used to build the functionality of this project and PHP is run on the server side of the gamified tool for teaching GDPR. The functionality includes all the back-end function that operates within the gamified tool for teaching GDPR.

#### Tools: Visual Studio Code, XAMPP

Since HTML, CSS, Bootstrap and PHP are going to be the programming languages that are used to build the gamified tool for teaching GDPR, Visual Studio Code and XAMPP will be the tools that are chosen for this project. Visual Studio Code is a simplified code editor that supports development operations such as debugging, task execution and version control. (Code, 2022) Visual Studio Code will be the tool that is used to write all the code for this project. Meanwhile, XAMPP will be the tool used for running PHP in this project. The reason that XAMPP is chosen is that Apache is provided in XAMPP. Apache XAMPP is defined as an open-source program for using a web server to run PHP or PERL Web applications locally. (Quadri, 2021)

#### Database: MySQL

MySQL is the database that will be used to build this gamified tool for teaching GDPR. MySQL is the database that comes with XAMPP. Apache server and MySQL need to be started from the XAMPP control panel. Figure 4.1 below shows the buttons to click to start Apache Server and MySQL service from the XAMPP control panel.

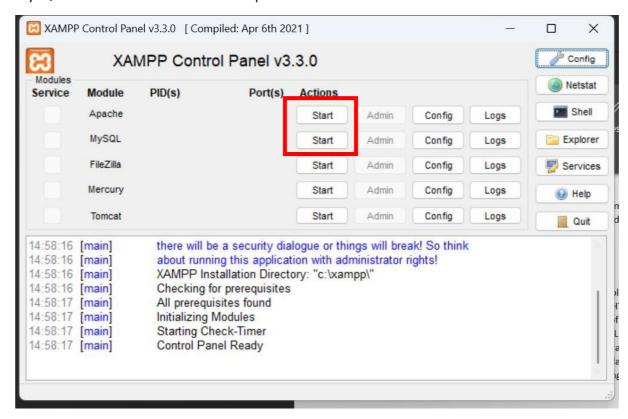


Figure 4.1: Buttons to click to start Apache Server and MySQL service from the XAMPP control panel

#### Platform: Web site

The platform that will be used to build this gamified tool for teaching GDPR is a website. This is because, the language chosen to build this project are HTML, CSS, Bootstrap and PHP. HTML is defined as a code that is used to organize the content of a web page. (MDN, 2022) CSS is an HTML document's styling language. The way how HTML components will be presented fully depends on CSS. (w3schools, 2022) Meanwhile, Bootstrap is a front-end development framework for the creation of responsive websites. (Zola, 2022) Because most of the languages picked to build this project are more suitable for building the web, therefore the website is chosen as the platform to build this project.

#### 6. Metrics

This gamified tool for teaching GDPR will be deemed successful if:

- 1) The user can browse the gamified tool for teaching GDPR using all different types of browsers such as Google Chrome Version 108.0 or above, Microsoft Edge Version 107.0 or above or Mozilla Firefox Version 107.0 or above.
- 2) The player can register an account and log in successfully.
- 3) The score and points are calculated correctly after the player finishes doing the quiz.
- 4) High scores are displayed in the leaderboards accordingly.
- 5) Badges are displayed for the players if applicable.
- 6) Admins can view players' results and progress from the admin side.

#### 7. FURPS+

FURPS is defined as a technique used to validate the prioritised requirements after understanding the needs and necessities of the client. FURPS is an acronym that stands for Functionality, Usability, Reliability, Performance, and Supportability. (COEPD, 2014)

#### **Functionality**

Functionality represents the description of the main features of the solution developed and in this instance is the gamified tool for teaching GDPR. The main features of this gamified tool for teaching GDPR are listed below:

- 1. Stores the login credentials entered by the players.
- 2. Enables the players to do the quiz.
- 3. Enable the players to view their profile that contains the points they accumulate and badge, leaderboard.
- 4. Enable the players to upload a profile picture if they wanted to.
- 5. Enable the players to collect titles after playing every level. They must keep on playing every 5 days to keep the title for that level.
- 6. Enable the players to share their current score to social media if they want to.
- 7. Determine the topic in GDPR that all players are weak in and output more questions about those topics according to the weakness of every player.
- 8. Admins can view players' results and progress from the admin side.
- 9. The web application is hosted remotely.

#### Usability

Usability in FURPS+ refers to the experience of users and accessibility when using the user interface. The gamified tool for teaching GDPR should be able to run on all different types of browsers such as Google Chrome Version 108.0 or above, Microsoft Edge Version 107.0 or above or Mozilla Firefox Version 107.0 or above.

#### Reliability

Reliability is defined as the accuracy and dependability of the solution developed and, in this instance, the gamified tool for teaching GDPR. There is no issue with the reliability of this gamified tool for teaching GDPR.

#### Performance

Performance in FURPS+ refers to the system response time of the solution developed. After turning on Apache and MySQL service using XAMPP Control Panel, the gamified tool for teaching GDPR should be able to start running in 2 seconds using any browser such as Google Chrome Version 108.0 or above, Microsoft Edge Version 107.0 or above or Mozilla Firefox Version 107.0 or above

#### Supportability

Supportability is determined by the testability and maintainability of the solution developed. There is no issue with the supportability of this gamified tool for teaching GDPR as it should be able to run on all browsers such as Google Chrome Version 108.0 or above, Microsoft Edge Version 107.0 or above or Mozilla Firefox Version 107.0 or above

+

The "+" in FURPS+ is about the security aspect of the solution developed. In this gamified tool for teaching GDPR, all the information stored in the database about the players except password will

be encrypted using the OpenSSL encrypt function. OpenSSL module is added by default to PHP. (tutorialspoint,2022) Meanwhile, the password of the player will be hashed using SHA3-256. SHA3 is the most recent addition to the SHA family (Store, 2022) and is highly secure (Nakov, 2021).

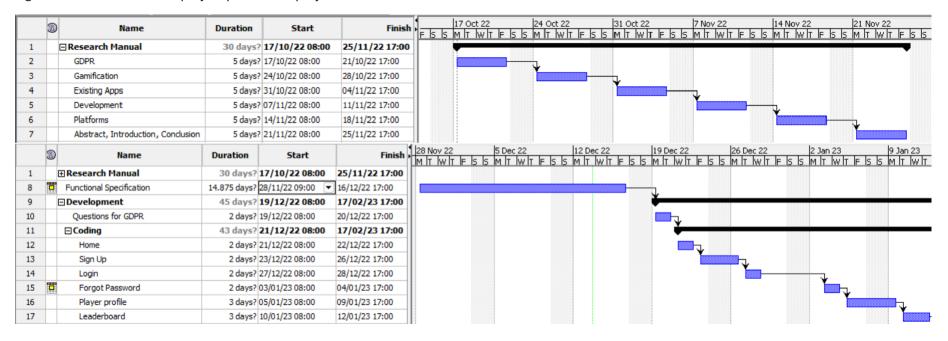
Another security feature that will be implemented in this gamified tool for teaching GDPR is the verifying of email after the player first signing up. The email will be sent using PHP mailer. PHP mailer is defined as the code library in PHP. The code library is integrated to send email securely and effectively from a web server. (Khan, 2021)

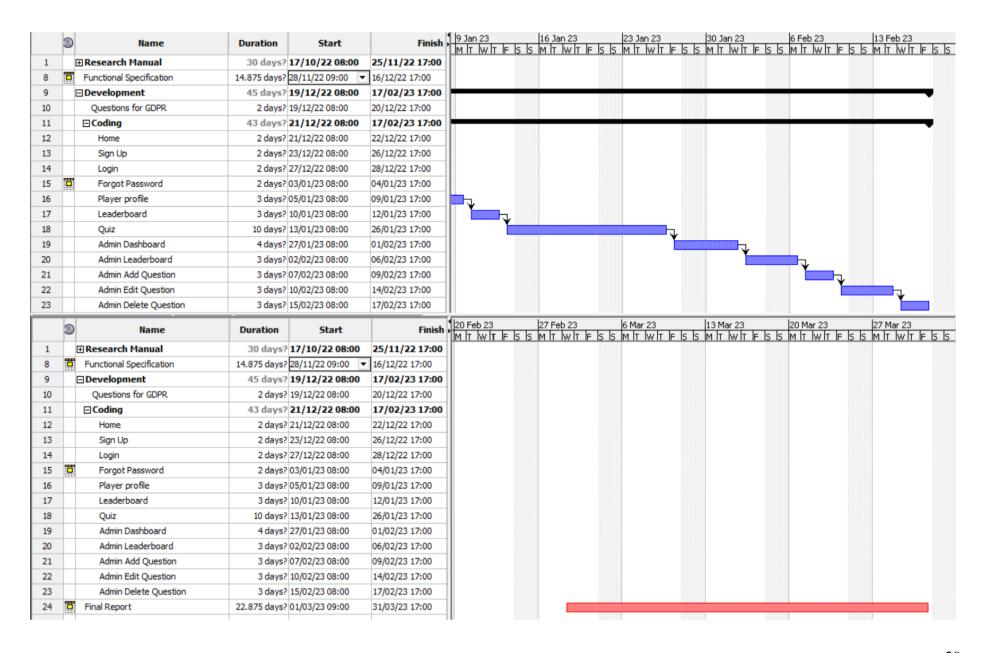
Next, all the input field that allow the users to enter input will be validated. This is to prevent SQL injection from users. Besides, the player or the admin are allowed to enable Google Two Factor Authentication if they wish to. This is to make sure that only the authorized people who own the email account is allowed to login into the account if the feature is enabled.

Other than that, there is a log out after 10 minutes of inactivity for the pages that require users to sign in. This means that if the user does not active in the web page that require the users to sign in for more than 10 minutes, they will be log out automatically when they tried to use the page again.

# 8. Project Plan

Figure 4.0 below shows the project plan of this project.





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 $\underline{comparison\#:^{\sim}: text=SHA\%2D3\%20 is\%20 the\%20 latest, sponge\%20 construction\%2C\%20 used\%20 by\%20 latest, sponge\%20 lat$ 

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